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# THE DAILY TIMES

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ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES

WILSON, N. C., THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1919

## FORMER GERMAN CROWN PRINCE

**ESCAPES FROM HOLLAND INTO GERMANY. WHILE IT IS NOT EXPECTED HE WILL BE ABLE TO RALLY THE REACTIONARIES, YET HIS PRESENCE IN GERMANY IS NOT VIEWED WITH SATISFACTION.**

E. O. S. Paris, June 26.—Frederick William Hohenzollern former German Crown Prince has escaped from Holland and made his way into Germany. While the escape of the Crown Prince has caused some misgivings in Allied circles, it is not believed that he is a sufficient figure around which the imperialists and reactionaries would rally. Yet it is felt that it is better for the allied cause that he remain away from Germany.

### AWFUL CONDITIONS

IN HUNGARY  
Vienna, May 12.—(Correspondence Associated Press).—Conditions in Budapest and the surrounding country under the fantastic government of Bela Kun and his soviet are grotesque. It has just become known the Countess Rada is scrubbing stairways in one of the city prisons. Count Julius Szechenyi, aged ninety, formerly master of the Kings horse, is one of those who has incurred the displeasure of the ruling forces. In spite of his age, he has been forcibly removed from his home and imprisoned. What disposition will be made of him is not likely to reach the public until it has been ordered and executed.

Every room in the handsome marble palace of Count Louis Karolyi, the former Austrian ambassador to London, is occupied by some one of the vaunted proletariat, with such results as might be expected. Stovepipes stick from the lace-curtained windows, and the silk covered walls are smoky, grimy and greasy. Protective covers have been torn from rich divans and handsome chairs to be used for dish rags. Costly bronz, chipped and mutilated, are being used as play things by the proletarian children.

It is the same in the handsome residence of Count Andrássy next door, where squalor and dirt are rapidly replacing the magnificence and polish of a happier day.

Day by day the news of increasing violence on the part of those who are in power. The latest instances have to do with Ludwig Navvy, former president of the Hungarian Parliament. He was seized at his country home and while being taken into Budapest, was taken from the train and shot to death by the Red Guard who gave as an excuse that he was trying to escape.

### Assaulted a White Woman

Laurel, Miss., June 26.—John Hartsheld, a negro, is alleged to have committed an assault on an Ellenville, Mississippi, white woman on June 15th, and was captured near Collins this morning. He was brought to this place for safe keeping.

### Disorder in Hamburg.

London, June 26.—Reports of the recent activity of the Radical council which has assumed political and military power in Hamburg, and has occupied the town hall comes thru newspaper reports, which also adds that General von Lettow Forbeck has been ordered to Hamburg with a strong force to restore order.

### Willard Thirty-Seven Years Old

Ft. Leavenworth, June 26.—Jesse Willard, the heavyweight champion of the world, is 37 years old, according to his marriage license on record here.

### PICNIC AT BANNER WAREHOUSE

The Christian Sunday School picnic that was to have been given at Winstead's Mill today, was given at the Banner Warehouse on account of the rain. Everyone present thoroughly enjoyed the day.

## VALERA WANTS FIVE MILLION

**Sinn Fein Leader Will Use the Money to Further the Interests of the**

### IRISH NATIONAL GOV'T

Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," as they say in Dublin, announced yesterday that the first bond issue of his unrecognized government would be for one million pounds sterling, or about \$5,000,000, and would be floated half in Ireland and half abroad. He stated that the flotation of the loan would be secondary only to the prime object of compelling the United States government, through the force of public opinion, officially to recognize his "republic" as such.

One interesting disclosure which de Valera made yesterday, unwittingly, was the fact that he left Ireland on June 1. But he did not add to this statement—it had been sandwiched in between two bits of Irish history—when his attention was called to it; unless, of course, an extremely pleasant smile and a protracted stare out of the window can be considered as additional facts.

Instantly, Professor de Valera named the sum he sought to raise, he was asked to explain the use to which the money obtained in America and elsewhere was to be put "by the Sinn Fein party."

"Remember," he replied, "that I am not representing a party. The money is not to be used for any party, but for the development of the Irish Commonwealth. We will have to equip consulates and embassies in the various countries, France and Switzerland. The money will not be used as former money raised in America was used—for political fights between parties. It will be used for purely national purposes."

Dr. de Valera was cautioned that if he raised money in the United States for the prosecution of Irish national aspirations that it would be a violation of American laws and might lead to serious complications between this country and Great Britain.

"The law of humanity," he replied "is more fundamental, and I would appeal to that. When municipal and international laws conflict with humanity, I regard them as no law."

The direct question: "Will American money, obtained through bond sales, be used to buy guns for the Irish Volunteers?" was then asked.

"It will be used for the Irish Republic," he answered somewhat vaguely, and when light was sought on whether this might be interpreted as including the maintenance of a "military establishment," he supplemented his statement by saying, "It will be used for the full administration of the government of Ireland."

Dr. de Valera denied most emphatically that any foreign money, "Russian or German," had ever been used in furthering the Sinn Fein movement. He was especially vigorous in denying that any German money had even found its way in Ireland and thence into Sinn Fein coffers. And when the professor had settled all thoughts on that particular topic, he was requested once again to clear up the misapprehensions about his citizenship. He said: "I am an Irish citizen insofar as I am willing to lay down my life for the Irish Republic."

### WEATHER

Probably Showers tonight and Friday.

For North Carolina probably showers tonight and Friday Gentle to moderate winds mostly south and southwest.

## GERMANS APPOINT PEACE DELEGATES

**These are Expected in Versailles Friday and Sign Peace Treaty**

### SATURDAY AFTERNOON

Berlin, June 26.—Herman Mueller, foreign minister, and Dr. Bell, Colonial Minister, announced tonight the German envoys to sign the peace treaty will leave Berlin Friday.

### Will Sign Treaty

Paris, June 26.—Efforts will be made for the signing of the peace treaty Saturday afternoon at 3:00 o'clock. The Council of Three are apparently satisfied with the semi-official announcement that the Germans would be on hand. It is assumed that the German delegation which will be sent to sign the peace treaty will include Herman Mueller, the foreign secretary, and Herr Guesbertha and Herr Lemert.

### BUYS LIQUOR FOR SICKNESS—JAILED

(By the Associated Press.)  
Washington, June 25.—A. J. Medlin, a lawyer, of Wake Forest, came to Washington today for a pardon for W. M. Gallher, of Youngsville, who was convicted in a Richmond court of illegal possession of whiskey for interstate transportation. He purchased the fluid 143 quarts—for the express purpose of conquering Spanish influenza which was then raging in North Carolina so the story goes He was arrested and pleaded guilty to illegal possession contending that he was acting in ignorance of the law in transporting whiskey when it was to be applied in an epidemic.

### MARKETS

(By the Associated Press.)

### COTTON

New York, June 26.—The cotton market showed renewed firmness at the opening today. The active months made new high records on of wet weather in the South and bullish crop advices, steady cables, and good trade reports. First prices were from 16 to 24 points higher. There were recessions of a few points after the call on realizing, but the market was very firm.

### NO MORE RECRUITS FOR DUTY OVERSEAS

Washington, June 25.—Offer of service to Europe to recruit obtained under volunteer enlistment will be withdrawn under orders prepared by the War Department. The policy of sending regular officers overseas to relieve those in the American Expeditionary Forces also will be abandoned.

### LOOKOUT FOR BURGLARS

Attempts have been made several times of late to enter the houses of residents in this city, and for that reason we advise all to look out for these intruders.

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### U. S. LIEUTENANT TO BE TRIED ON MURDER CHARGE

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London, June 25.—A telegram from Berlin received in Copenhagen by the Exchange Agency states that a number of soldiers belonging to the German Black Guard Cavalry Corps entered the Berlin Arsenal today and seized all the old French banners preserved from the war of 1870 and those captured from 1914 to 1918, which, according to the peace terms were to be handed back to France. They were afterwards burned.

### THE NEWS OF THE DESTRUCTION OF THE FLEET APPARENTLY CAUSED THE BURNING OF THE BANNERS. THERE IS REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE REACTIONARY GERMAN ELEMENTS ARE PREPARING A NUMBER OF SIMILAR COUPS IN ORDER TO DESTROY AS MANY AS POSSIBLE OF THE ARTICLES TO BE DELIVERED TO THE ALLIES.

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## ALLIES NOTIFY THE GERMANS

**They Will Be Held Strictly Responsible for Destruction Of the Boats.**

### MUST PAY THE DAMAGES

Paris, June 26.—The German government has been notified in a note from the Allies that it will be held responsible for the sinking of the German war ships, and that the Allies will have the right to insist upon the punishment of those responsible, and also to collect reparation from the Germans for the loss. The sinking of the fleet is denounced as a violation of the armistice, and of the agreement entered into between Germany and the allies.

### PESOA PLEDGES TRADE TIES HERE

Washington, June 24.—The development of close commercial relations between Brazil and other countries, the United States, in particular, was declared today by Dr. Epitacio Pessoa, President elect of Brazil to be one of the aims of his coming administration. In his last public address in Washington made at a luncheon given in his honor by Secretary Redfield, Dr. Pessoa said: "The demonstration I now receive from the highest personification of American commerce is among the most pleasant that your proverbial hospitality could afford me. One of the intentions that I take with me, for my term of office, is exactly that of developing as closely as possible the commercial relations of Brazil with friendly countries."

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## PROTEST AGAINST PRIZE FIGHT

## BURLESON REFUSES TO RE-EMPLOY

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### RULES OF GOVERNMENT

Washington, June 26.—Postmaster General Burleson today told a committee from the American Federation of labor that he could not employ the striking telegraph operators because they left their work in disobedience to the rules of the Government War Control Board and War Labor Board.

### VENIZELLOS REMINDS ROOT.

Paris, June 24.—M. Venizelos, the Greek Premier by many regarded as the foremost statesman in Europe today gave me the following statement regarding the League of Nations.

"In my opinion Europeans have no wish to interfere in the internal or political affairs of America, but this league of nations is not internal but international. It would be unthinkable for America to be against the principle of a League of Nations."

"In the application of this principle, America was indeed the pioneer for under Secretary Root, and perhaps before, she began to negotiate treaties were identical in principle with the League of Nations which now, following the great war, has been embodied as an integral part—I may say, looking into the future, the principal part—of the treaty."

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## ON THE NATION'S BIRTH- DAY, JULY THE FOURTH, BETWEEN WILLARD AND DEMPSEY BY REPRESENTATIVE RANDALL OF CALIFORNIA.

(By the Associated Press.)

Washington, June 26.—A resolution asking the Governor of Ohio to prevent the Willard-Dempsey fight July 4th., on the birth of the nation was introduced today by Representative Randall Republican of California.

### Rioting in Berlin.

London, June 26.—Disorders in Berlin, The Exchange Telegraph Company in a message to Copenhagen reports. The message states that barricades have been placed in the streets, and that much street fighting is going on between the troops and mobs.

### Attended the June German.

Quite a number of the dancing set attended the June German last night in Rocky Mount from this City and report a very pleasant time. They are as follows:—Misses Elsie Freeland, Mary Darden, Harriet Tilghman, Lallah Rook Fleming, Florence Allen Eva Stainbach and Miss Smitherman, and Messrs. Penn Watson, John Bonitz, Willie Ray, Yancey and Douglas Aycock, Jessie and James Anderson, Harvey, Magette, Kusey Smith, James T. McCraw, Schaum, Misses Nannie McCraw, Doris Cozart Eliza Carr, Ellen Gorham, Virginia Williams, Elizabeth McCraw, Mrs. C. M. Fleming and Mrs. Aycock.

### Ukrainians broke the Agreement.

Paris, June 26.—The armistice which was entered into by the Poles and the Ukrainians has been broken by the advance of the Ukrainian forces according to a report which has reached here.

### Kolchak lost some Men.

Washington, June 26.—One officer and three enlisted men were killed and 1 officer and 4 enlisted men were captured belonging to forces of Admiral Kolchak in fighting in Wednesday's advance, according to a report sent by Major Graves who is commanding the Americans with the anti-Bolshevik forces in Siberia.

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